Teleconference Presentation Material FY15/3 Q1



(Stock code: 2871)

1. Consolidated Results Summary



Recovery in Processed Foods, Offsetting Decline in Cold Chain Logistics

	Q1				Q2	Cumulativ	/e		Full Year						
	Result	YoY		Forecast			Compa Previous		Forecast	YoY		Compared to Previous Forecast		Compared to Business Plan	
	Result	Variance	% Change	Torccase	Variance	% Change	Previous forecast	Variance	Torcease	Variance	% Change	Previous forecast	Variance	Business Plan	Variance
Net Sales	130.8	10.0	8%	258.5	8.3	3%	258.5	0.0	525.0	13.8	3%	525.0	0.0	497.0	28.0
Processed Foods	52.9	3.9	8%	107.0	6.5	7%	107.0	0.0	214.0	9.6	5%	214.0	0.0	197.5	16.5
Marine Products	16.2	0.5	3%	33.3	-1.2	-4%	33.3	0.0	68.6	-0.0	-0%	68.6	0.0	65.0	3.6
Meat and Poultry	20.9	2.2	12%	37.5	-0.0	-0%	37.5	0.0	80.0	-0.1	- 0%	80.0	0.0	72.5	7.5
Cold Chain Logistics	43.6	3.4	8%	86.5	3.2	4%	86.5	0.0	173.0	4.6	3%	173.0	0.0	172.6	0.4
Real Estate	1.1	-0.1	-5%	2.4	-0.0	-1%	2.4	0.0	4.7	-0.3	-6%	4.7	0.0	4.8	-0.1
Other	0.9	0.2	31%	1.7	0.2	12%	1.7	0.0	4.1	0.4	11%	4.1	0.0	4.0	0.1
Adjustment	-4.8	-0.2	-	-9.9	-0.4	-	-9.9	0.0	-19.4	-0.3	-	-19.4	0.0	-19.4	0.0
Operating Income	2.8	0.4	16%	7.8	1.2	18%	7.8	0.0	16.5	0.7	4%	16.5	0.0	18.6	-2.1
Processed Foods	0.5	0.6	-	2.5	1.5	149%	2.5	0.0	5.5	2.1	62%	5.5	0.0	7.3	-1.8
Marine Products	0.1	0.0	14%	0.2	0.1	125%	0.2	0.0	0.5	0.1	19%	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.0
Meat and Poultry	0.1	0.2	-	0.2	0.4	-	0.2	0.0	0.5	0.4	293%	0.5	0.0	0.7	-0.2
Cold Chain Logistics	1.8	-0.4	-16%	4.2	-0.2	- 5%	4.2	0.0	8.2	-0.7	- 8%	8.2	0.0	8.3	-0.1
Real Estate	0.5	-0.1	-10%	1.1	-0.1	- 7%	1.1	0.0	2.1	-0.3	-11%	2.1	0.0	2.1	0.0
Other	0.1	0.1	-	0.1	0.0	69%	0.1	0.0	0.4	-0.0	- 0%	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.0
Adjustment	-0.3	-0.1	-	-0.5	-0.5	-	-0.5	0.0	-0.7	-0.8	-	-0.7	0.0	-0.7	0.0
Ordinary Income	3.1	0.6	24%	7.6	1.4	22%	7.6	0.0	15.9	1.5	10%	15.9	0.0	17.9	-2.0
Net Income	1.5	0.2	19%	4.8	0.6	15%	4.8	0.0	9.5	0.6	7%	9.5	0.0	11.0	-1.5
Assumed exchange rates: ¥1	05/\$:¥135/£							ROE	7.4%	0.1%	-	7.4%	-	8.6%	-1.2%
	, 4, +200,	-						EPS	33yen	2yen	7%	33yen	-	-	

- 1. Sales rose in mainstay Processed Foods and Cold Chain Logistics, with growth in Meat and Poultry on higher meat prices.
- 2. Operating income rose overall, as price hikes for Processed Foods in the previous fiscal year offset a decline in Cold Chain Logistics.
- 3. Forecasts unchanged from May 13 announcement.

2. Processed Foods



Earnings Increased as a Result of Price Hikes in Previous Fiscal Year

	Q1				Q2	2 Cumulativ	⁄e		Full Year					
	Result	Υ	οY	Forecast	YoY		Compared to Previous Forecast		Forecast	YoY		Compared to Previous Forecast		
	Result	Variance	% Change	Variance	% Change	Previous forecast	Variance	Torecast	Variance	% Change	Previous forecast	Variance		
Net Sales	52.9	3.9	8%	107.0	6.5	7%	107.0	0	214.0	9.6	5%	214.0	0	
Household-use Prepared Foods	14.4	0.4	3%	29.4	1.5	5%	29.4	0	59.7	2.6	5%	59.7	0	
Commercial-use Prepared Foods	23.5	2.0	9%	46.4	2.3	5%	46.4	0	94.3	3.2	4%	94.3	0	
Processed Agricultural Products	4.9	-0.0	-1%	9.9	-0.1	-1%	9.9	0	18.8	-0.5	-2%	18.8	0	
Overseas	6.1	1.0	19%	11.1	1.0	9%	11.1	0	23.5	1.7	8%	23.5	0	
Other	4.1	0.6	16%	10.2	1.9	23%	10.2	0	17.7	2.5	16%	17.7	0	
Operating Income	0.5	0.6	-	2.5	1.5	149%	2.5	0	5.5	2.1	62%	5.5	0	

- 1. Frozen food sales remain firm. The weak yen continued to push up ingredient and purchasing costs, but operating income rose overall on price revisions in the previous fiscal year. We expect a further earnings boost in Q2 from cost recovery measures, including an increase in prices for imported commercial-use prepared foods.
- 2. <u>Household-use Prepared Foods</u>: Consumption tax hike has affected sales, but revenue rose overall due to new hit product *Honkaku Yaki-onigiri*.
- 3. <u>Commercial-use Prepared Foods</u>: Sales rose for processed chicken products, centered on the take-out delimarket.
- 4. <u>Overseas business</u>: Revenue rose on an increase in Asian foods sales in the U.S., and sales of processed chicken products from GFPT Nichirei (Thailand) to Europe.

3. Marine Products & Meat and Poultry



Results for Marine Products, and Meat and Poultry in Line with Business Plan

			Q1			Q2 Cumulative Full Yea						Full Year		
		Result	YoY		Forecast	YoY		Compared to Previous Forecast		Forecast	YoY		Compared to Previous Forecast	
		Result	Variance % Ch	% Change		Variance	% Change	Previous forecast	Variance	Torecase	Variance	% Change	Previous forecast	Variance
Marine Products	Net Sales	16.2	0.5	3%	33.3	-1.2	-4%	33.3	0	68.6	-0.0	-0%	68.6	0
	Operating Income	0.1	0.0	14%	0.2	0.1	125%	0.2	0	0.5	0.1	19%	0.5	0
Meat and Poultry	Net Sales	20.9	2.2	12%	37.5	-0.0	-0%	37.5	0	80.0	-0.1	- 0%	80.0	0
	Operating Income	0.1	0.2	-	0.2	0.4	-	0.2	0	0.5	0.4	293%	0.5	0

- 1. <u>Marine Products</u>: Sales volume for shrimp, which remains at a high price point, declined on a fall in demand. However, the selling price for octopus, which had been comparatively inexpensive, increased, contributing to both revenue and earnings. While the market for marine products remains high overall, we will mitigate risk from demand fluctuations by continuing to focus on careful purchasing and inventory turnover.
- 2. <u>Meat and Poultry</u>: Both revenue and earnings increased, as higher market prices, particularly for pork, were passed on in selling prices. We are continuing to revise prices for processed foods to offset higher purchasing costs.

4. Cold Chain Logistics



Sales Increased, but Earnings Declined on Higher Costs

		Q1			Q2	Cumulativ	е		Full Year					
	Result	YoY		Forecast	YoY		Compared to Previous Forecast		Forecast	YoY		Compared to Previous Forecast		
	Result	Variance	% Change	Torcast	Variance	% Change	Previous forecast	Variance	Torcase	Variance	% Change	Previous forecast	Variance	
Net Sales	43.6	3.4	8%	86.5	3.2	4%	86.5	0	173.0	4.6	3%	173.0	0	
Japan Subtotal	35.9	1.7	5%	71.9	2.0	3%	71.9	0	143.0	3.2	2%	143.0	0	
Logistics Network	22.7	0.4	2%	45.2	-0.4	-1%	45.2	0	89.8	-2.4	-3%	89.8	0	
Regional Storage	13.1	1.3	11%	26.7	2.4	10%	26.7	0	53.2	5.6	12%	53.2	0	
Overseas	7.3	1.4	24%	14.0	1.4	11%	14.0	0	28.3	2.0	7%	28.3	0	
Other/Intersegment	0.5	0.2	90%	0.6	-0.2	-26%	0.6	0	1.7	-0.5	-23%	1.7	0	
Operating Income	1.8	-0.4	-16%	4.2	-0.2	- 5%	4.2	0	8.2	-0.7	- 8%	8.2	0	
Japan Subtotal	1.7	-0.4	-19%	4.0	-0.1	-2%	4.0	0	7.7	-0.5	-7%	7.7	0	
Logistics Network	0.6	-0.3	-35%	1.6	-0.2	- 12%	1.6	0	3.4	-0.3	- 7%	3.4	0	
Regional Storage	1.1	-0.1	-7%	2.4	0.2	7%	2.4	0	4.3	-0.3	-6%	4.3	0	
Overseas	0.2	-0.0	-18%	0.6	-0.0	-2%	0.6	0	1.1	0.0	0%	1.1	0	
Other/Intersegment	-0.2	0.1	-	-0.4	-0.1	-	-0.4	0	-0.6	-0.2	-	-0.6	0	

- 1. <u>Japan</u>: Revenue increased on the boost from the Higashi-Ogishima Distribution Center Bldg. No. 2, which began operating in the previous fiscal year, as well as the new Kita-kyushu Transfer Center. However, operating income declined, due mainly to rising transportation costs stemming from a shortage of drivers and higher fuel prices, as well as to an increase in electricity rates. Looking ahead, costs will continue to increase from amortization for the Sakishima Distribution Center, which will begin operations in the second half, but we expect to meet our full-year targets through further operational improvements.
- 2. <u>Overseas</u>: Sales rose in Europe on higher transport volume. Operating income declined on a local-currency basis due to a falloff in receipts and inventories of chicken, but the decrease on a yen basis was minimal because of exchange rates.

Reference Materials



Consolidated Balance Sheet

(Billions of Yen)

CONSONAUTEU BUILDING				
Item	14/3	14/6	Variance	
[Assets]				
Current assets	131.5	135.3	3.8	(1)
Fixed assets	186.9	187.2	0.2	
Total assets	318.5	322.6	4.1	
[Liabilities / Owner's equity]				
Current liabilities	95.5	99.6	4.1	(2)
Long-term liabilities	86.1	85.6	-0.4	
Total liabilities	181.6	185.3	3.6	
Net assets	136.8	137.2	0.4	
(Owner's equity)	124.8	124.9	0.0	
Interest-bearing debt	106.0	109.1	3.0	
(Excluding lease obligations)	85.7	89.6	3.9	
Item	13/6	14/6	Variance	
Capital investments	2.7	2.8	0.0	
(Excluding leased assets)	2.2	2.4	0.1	
Depreciation and amortization	3.4	3.6	0.2	
(Excluding leased assets)	2.4	2.7	0.2	

Note: Amounts less than 100 million yen are omitted

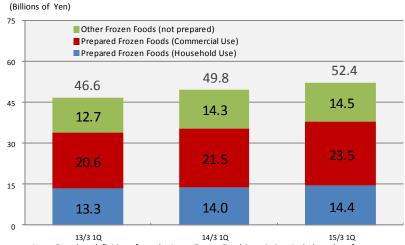
Main Factors

- (1) Trade receivables +¥2.3bn; Inventories+¥1.4bn (seasonal factor)
- (2) Interest-bearing debt (short term) +¥3.8bn (increase in working capital)

Reference Materials

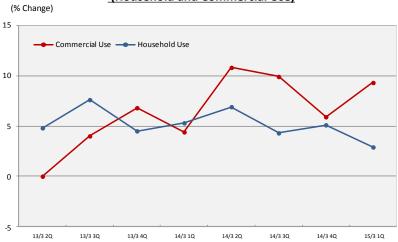




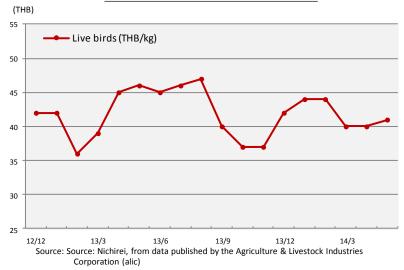


Note: Based on definitions from the Japan Frozen Food Association; Includes sales of processed foods, marine products, meat and poultry

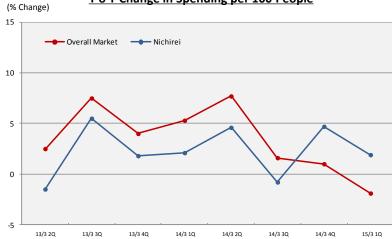
Y o Y Change in Nichirei's Sales of Prepared Frozen Foods (Household and Commercial Use)



Wholesale Price of Chicken in Thailand



Consumer Panel for Household-use Prepared Frozen Foods Y o Y Change in Spending per 100 People



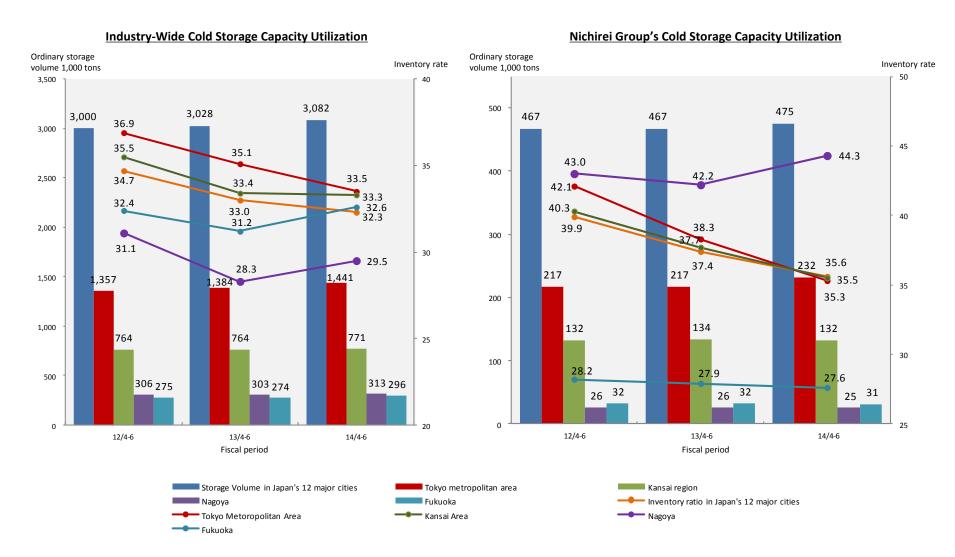
Source: INTAGE Inc. SCI consumer panel (Spending per 100 people on prepared frozen foods. Excludes purchases through consumer cooperatives.)

Reference Materials



Cold Storage Capacity Utilization

(Industry figures calculated by Nichirei from Japan Association of Refrigerated Warehouses data)



Note: The inventory ratio is the proportion of stored goods to total cold storage space. Typically, around half of the total space is areas where goods cannot be stored, such as aisles and workspaces.



Forward-Looking Statements

Aside from historical facts, Nichirei's present plans, forecasts and strategies as outlined in this publication consist of forward-looking statements about future business performance. These forecasts of future business performance and explanations of future business activities may or may not include words such as "believe," "expect," "plan," "strategy," "estimate," "anticipate" or other similar expressions. These statements are based on the information available to Nichirei management at the time of publication. Actual results may differ significantly from these forecasts for a variety of reasons, and readers are therefore advised to refrain from making investment decisions based solely on these forward-looking statements. Nichirei will not necessarily revise its forward-looking statements in accordance with new information, future events, and other results. Risks and uncertainties that could affect Nichirei's actual business results include, but are not limited to:

- (1) Changes in the economic conditions and business environment that may affect the Nichirei Group's business activities.
- (2) Foreign exchange rate risks, especially as regards the US dollar and the euro.
- (3) Risks associated with the practicability of maintaining quality controls throughout the process from product development, procurement of raw materials, production, and sale.
- (4) Risks associated with the practicability of development of new products and services.
- (5) Risks associated with the practicability of growth strategies and implementation of low-cost systems.
- (6) Risks associated with the practicability of achieving benefits through alliances with outside companies.
- (7) Contingency risks.

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